US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

AGENCY: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)

TITLE: CLIMATE SHOWCASE COMMUNITIES

ACTION: Request for Proposals (RFP)

RFP: EPA-OAR-CPPD-10-09

CFDA: 66.041

SUMMARY: Formal Agency responses to questions regarding the subject RFP

DATE: June 21, 2010

Process and Legal Questions

Q1. Is the EPA money provided as a reimbursement or as grant money provided up front? **A1.** Climate Showcase Communities grants will be on an advance basis, provided that grantees maintain or demonstrate the willingness and ability to maintain procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of the funds and their disbursement by the grantee or subgrantee. Please be advised that grant recipients will be subject to Cost Principles outlined in OMB Circular A-87 (2 CFR Part 225).

- **Q2.** What is the time frame of the project, when does the money have to be expended by? **A2.** The estimated project period for awards resulting from this solicitation will begin February 1, 2011. Proposed project periods may be up to three years.
- Q3: How common was partial funding of proposals last year?
- **A3.** In most cases, EPA fully funded proposals. In appropriate circumstances, EPA reserves the right to partially fund certain proposals by funding discrete portions or phases of proposed projects. If EPA decides to partially fund a proposal, it will do so in a manner that does not prejudice any applicants or affect the basis upon which the proposal was evaluated and selected for award, and therefore maintains the integrity of the competition and selection process.
- **Q4.** How much funding did past Climate Showcase Communities recipients receive? Is a project more or less likely to get funded if they ask for less/more money?
- **A4**. All proposals will receive equal consideration regardless of the amount of funding they are requesting. Award amounts for the 2009 Climate Showcase Communities (CSC) 21 projects awarded so far are as follows:

EDA CSC 2000

EPA Grantee: CSC 2009	State	grant funding	
Gila River Indian Community	AZ	\$	262,124.00
City of El Cerrito	CA	\$	497,488.00
Sacramento County	CA	\$	486,668.00
City and County of Denver	CO	\$	491,156.00
City & County of Honolulu	HI	\$	499,363.00
City of Chicago	IL	\$	500,000.00
City of Springfield	MA	\$	491,067.00
City of Baltimore	MD	\$	190,500.00
Northern Cheyenne Tribe	MT	\$	200,000.00

NC	\$	499,500.00
NC	\$	500,000.00
NJ	\$	500,000.00
NY	\$	497,813.00
ОН	\$	500,000.00
OR	\$	104,126.00
		_
PA	\$	149,992.00
RI	\$	497,492.00
UT	\$	368,554.00
VA	\$	303,828.00
WA	\$	400,000.00
WA	\$	349,384.00
	NC NJ NY OH OR PA RI UT VA WA	NC \$ NJ \$ NY \$ OH \$ OR \$ PA \$ RI \$ UT \$ VA \$ WA \$

- **Q5.** Will regional diversity be taken into account in the selection process? If awards were given in our geographic area last round, will this hurt us?
- **A5.** All applications will be scored independently of geographic location. In making the final funding decisions, the Approving Official may also consider the geographic diversity of applicants. Please refer to Sec. V.C. of the RFP for more information regarding 'Other Factors'.
- **Q6.** Can one entity submit multiple proposals? And can the dollar amounts requested from EPA differ?
- **A6.** Yes. There is no restriction on the number of applications a single entity can submit. Similarly, for entities submitting multiple applications, the RFP does not limit the dollar amount requests per each application.
- **Q7.** Can applicants partner with universities, non-governmental agencies, non-profits, etc? **A7.** Yes. It is the sole responsibility of applicants to organize and set up any partnership arrangements. An applicant can partner with a third-party organization to provide support or other contributions to assist in carrying out the grant. If a proposed partner offers to share in the costs of the grant, contributions to the cost share are governed under 40 CFR 31.24. Grantees may award financial assistance to partner organizations that are eligible subgrantees in accordance with 40 CFR 31.37. Partnerships should not be confused with contractual relationships. A grantee must contract to procure goods and services for its benefit. Grantee procurement is governed by the regulations at 40 CFR 31.36. Please refer to Section IV.D of the RFP for more information.
- **Q8.** Can a locality apply for the grant "on behalf of" another entity and if the locality received the award turn the money over to that entity?
- **A8.** Please consult Sections IV D and E of the RFP for more information about subawards. It is up to the applicant to make a case for why this arrangement is fully responsive to the RFP. If selected for funding, the applicant would be legally accountable to EPA for the proper expenditure of funds. Recipients may not use subawards to transfer or delegate their responsibility for successful completion of their EPA assistance agreement and subawards may not be used to circumvent procurement requirements or EPA competition policies.
- **Q9.** What does Substantial Federal Involvement mean as it pertains to "approving qualifications of key personnel?" Will USEPA review qualifications of current employees or contractors? May USEPA as a result of that review request or require that individuals not meeting qualification be re-assigned

or dismissed? Does this involvement apply to current employees/contractors or to employees/contractors that will be hired with the funding?

- **A.9.** EPA is deemed to have approved the qualifications of key personnel at the time of award if the key personnel were identified in the grant application. If the recipient changes key personnel, then under the substantial involvement term and condition and 40 C.F.R. 31.30(d)(3) the EPA project officer may approve the qualifications of the key person. Such reviews of qualifications of key personnel are discretionary. Please keep in mind that not every grantee employee is "key". For this grant program, "key personnel" refers to the project manager identified in the grant forms. As stated in the RFP, EPA will not select employees or contractors employed by the award recipient.
- **Q10.** Will this grant program and its application be subject to this review by state under E.O. 12372? **A10.** Executive Order 12372, Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs may be applicable to awards, resulting from this announcement. Applicants selected for funding may be required to provide a copy of their application to their State Point of Contact (SPOC) for review, pursuant to Executive Order 12372, Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs. This review is not required with the Initial Proposal and not all states require such a review. A listing of State Point of Contacts (SPOC) may be viewed at: www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants/spoc.html
- **Q11.** Can grant funds be used as cash incentives to nonprofit organizations playing a key role in rolling out and replicating initiatives locally? For example, motivating nonprofits to put groups together and then providing a charitable donation to the nonprofit for each person who completes the initiative?
- **A. 11.** The example provided is <u>not</u> an allowable use of funds. Contributions or donations, including cash, property, and services, made by the grantee, regardless of the recipient, are unallowable. Grantees can subgrant to non-profit organizations that carry out allowable activities with the funds.

Eligible Applicants Questions

- **Q1.** Are public universities, private universities, or other institutions of higher education eligible under this grant program?
- **A1.** No, Universities, whether public or private, are not considered eligible to apply under this RFP. See Section III.A. Eligible Entities of the RFP for more information.
- **Q2.** Are current Climate Showcase Communities grantees (awarded funds in 2009) eligible to apply in 2010 if the proposal is focused on different topic? Would they be a lower priority?
- **A2.** Current Climate Showcase Communities are eligible applicants. Proposals will be reviewed, evaluated and scored based on the individual application submitted.
- **Q3.** Does a climate showcase community have to be a single jurisdiction (e.g. city, village or township)? Or can it be a group of such jurisdictions operating a program in concert with each other? **A3.** Yes, a consortium of local governments may apply, but there must be one entity that formally signs the application. If selected that same entity would be the entity EPA enters into grant agreement and be legally responsible for federal funds. Also, please be advised that each collaboration would be limited to the maximum dollar amount of \$500,000 (e.g. you could not ask for a million dollars using the argument that you are 2 governments applying jointly).
- Q4. Are foreign entities eligible?
- **A4.** No, foreign entities are not eligible. In order to be eligible you must meet the definition of eligible entities as defined in Section III.A. Eligible Entities of the RFP.
- Q5. Are applicants who applied and did not receive funding last year eligible to re-apply?

- **A5.** Yes, all eligible entities are eligible to apply.
- **Q6.** What is the eligibility status for Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia and US Territories?
- **A6.** The statutory authority for this program specifically states that "communities" are eligible entities. As a matter of policy, EPA has defined "communities" to include local governments (as defined in 40 CFR 31.3), federally recognized Indian tribal governments, and intertribal consortia.

The District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the U.S. fall within the definition of "State" in 40 CFR 31.3 and <u>do not constitute local governments</u>.

However, counties, municipalities, cities, towns, townships, local public authorities, school districts, special districts intrastate districts, council of governments, and any other regional or interstate government entity, or any agency or instrumentality of the 50 States, the District of Columbia., Puerto Rico, or U.S. Territories do fall within the definition of local governments and, therefore, are eligible to apply under this RFP. Please refer for Section III.A. of the RFP for more information.

- **Q7.** Are Joint Power Authorities eligible entities?
- **A.7.** Yes. Joint Power Authorities are two or more public agencies joined together as permitted under applicable State law and fall within the definition of "local government" in 40 CFR 31.3.
- **Q8.** Are special districts established by state law eligible entities?
- A8. Yes.

Cost-Match Questions

- **Q1.** Will additional points be awarded for applicants who indicate matching funds beyond the amount required?
- **A1.** No additional points will be awarded for providing more than the required match. The only criteria used for scoring are the criteria listed in Section V. of the RFP. If a cost-share above the requirement is indicated in the budget, the applicant will be responsible for providing those matching funds if they are awarded grant funding.
- Q2. Can the cost of employee benefits be included as matching funds?
- **A2.** Personnel/staffing costs, including fringe benefits, and volunteer hours may be counted toward the match requirement. Please refer to Section III.B. Cost Share or Matching of the RFP for more information.
- **Q3.** Can the matching funds requirement be met with private funds from a public-private partnership? **A3.** Yes. Please refer to 40 CFR 31.24(a) (7) for third party "in-kind" contributions.

Project Questions

- **Q1.** As part of a local government application, can businesses receive Showcase funds? One example, could seed money for energy efficient purchases be offered?
- **A1.** Money provided in the form of sub-grants, incentives, or rebates to businesses within the community for allowable activities is a permissible use of grant funds. Local governments may also use funds to enter into contractual agreements with businesses provided they follow all applicable procurement regulations, including 40 CFR 31.36. Generally, local governments must follow their own procurement procedures which reflect applicable State and local laws and regulations, provided that

the procurements conform to applicable federal law, the standards identified in 40 CFR 31.36, and if applicable, 40 CFR 31.38. Granting loans is not an allowable expense under this grant program.

- **Q2.** The RFP lists "land use, transportation, or community master planning" as a priority area, which is typically a long-range strategy and may be difficult to document GHG emissions within the time frame of the grant. What are examples of projects focused on this area?
- **A2.** Projects that achieve reductions after the term of the project are eligible and in line with EPA's strategic goals. Proposals will be scored on their potential to achieve ongoing reductions as well as how well the applicant documents short and long term outputs, outcomes, and measures of progress. Proposals where the predominant emissions occur after the project period must still include discussion and rationale of the expected reductions.

For examples of projects, please visit: http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/local/showcase

- **Q3.** How is innovation defined and how will it be evaluated?
- **A3.** The Climate Showcase Communities grant program aims to develop a knowledge base of best practices local governments can implement to achieve greenhouse gas reductions. With this in mind, projects that go beyond simple implementation of existing technologies or practices are likely to receive higher scores under the RFP's section V. Evaluation criterion 1--Project Summary and Approach. Innovation may apply to the technology or policy being implemented, the way the applicant builds capacity or involves stakeholders, the linkages made with co-benefits, or whether the program has innovative ideas that can be replicated in other communities.
- **Q4.** What factor does readiness play in the review, ranking & selection for award? Are you giving higher consideration/priority to communities that have established or adopted sustainability initiatives/climate change programs?
- **A4.** The Climate Showcase Communities grant program is seeking a diversity of community and project types. This includes funding projects from communities that are just starting to address climate change as well as those that have long-standing programs. There are no specific prerequisites that an applicant must have in place to apply and receive funding.
- **Q5.** What stage of development does a proposed plan need to be in to be considered eligible for the grant program? Can a plan be in the preliminary stages of development to be considered eligible for the grant program?
- **A5.** Applicants may propose finalizing some aspects of their prospective grants following additional consulting and/or assessments. However, applicants in this category are strongly encouraged to propose a range of likely projects and areas of interest.
- **Q6.** Is the extension of bike paths to reach more residents or neighborhoods an eligible and competitive idea? What would make the project more competitive?
- **A6.** Please refer to Section I.B. of the RFP to find a description of priority areas, goals, and types of projects CPPD is authorized to consider for funding. It is up to each applicant to make the case to EPA in their proposal how their project best responds to the RFP. CPPD personnel will not prescreen proposals before the deadline. For examples of projects, please visit: http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/local/showcase
- **Q7.** Can these dollars fund electric vehicle charging stations at residences and commercial enterprises?
- **A7.** Electric vehicle charging stations would be an allowable activity, provided a GHG reduction can be calculated and assuming that the proposal is fully responsive to the RFP. For examples of projects, please visit: http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/local/showcase

- **Q8.** Does renewable energy fit in the criteria for this grant?
- **A8.** Renewable energy would be an allowable activity, provided a GHG reduction can be calculated and assuming that the proposal is fully responsive to the RFP. For examples of projects, please visit: http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/local/showcase
- **Q9.** Does developing a local food initiative, thereby reducing emissions from food transportation, qualify as an eligible project?
- **A9.** This would appear to be an allowable activity, provided a GHG reduction can be calculated and assuming that the proposal is fully responsive to the RFP. For examples of projects, please visit: http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/local/showcase